

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 84, Vol. 5.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1865.

Price 6d. or 12 cts

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

The British Columbian.

Estimated vs. Actual Expenditure for 1864.

It can rarely be said of any Government that the actual expenditure is less than the estimated expenditure. Indeed the reverse is the rule. After getting the highest possible amount voted a supplementary list is usually brought in for the session of the next session. The Government of this colony presents the political phenomenon of having spent considerably less than was voted for last year. In the *Gazette* is published an elaborately compiled comparative statement of the estimated and the actual expenditure for the year 1864, from which it appears that a saving of \$35,365 17 2, equal to \$111,524.80, has been made! This is a result for which the Executive may fairly claim credit, and which cannot but surprise those who have had so much to say respecting the prodigality of the Government. The estimates for 1864 were of course prepared by a previous administration; and although we cannot pretend to say that, under that administration, the whole vote would have been exhausted, yet this much we can say, it was the practice to exceed the estimates. Thus we find that the Budget brought down on the opening of the Legislative Council, on the 21st February, 1864, exhibited an expenditure in excess of the estimates of £27,755, equal to \$124,611.75. Without pretending to touch the abstract question as to whether the Civil Service is or is not out of proportion to the population and circumstances of the colony, we are bound to admit that the circumstance of the Government having expended \$111,524.80 less than was placed at the disposal of the Executive, unmistakably savors of economy and retrenchment.

The Result of a Liberal Postal System.

We had labored long to convince the Government that to lower the rate of postage would be to increase the revenue derived from that source. This, however, the Executive mind appeared unable to comprehend, and the idea was tenaciously adhered to that the bigger the price charged for a letter the more money must be brought into the Treasury. Acting upon this antiquated doctrine, the then Governor established a sliding scale of colonial postage, ranging from five pence up to four shillings, the latter being the charge imposed upon letters sent from New Westminster to Antler, at that period the headquarters of Cariboo. The financial result of this £500 (2) postal tariff was something less than £500 as the gross proceeds of postage! During the first session of the legislature, which was convened in the beginning of last year, a postal system, of which the honorable member for this district is the reputed father, was passed, fixing a uniform postal rate for the colony of sixpence. This rate was, of course, opposed by the foggy element, but was passed, and became law. In the estimated revenue for 1864 the item of £500 appears under the head of postage, that being the sum anticipated by the then Executive as the total revenue from that source. By reference to a financial statement recently published in the *Gazette* it will be seen that the revenue derived from postage that year amounted to £1,144 9 19, or considerably more than double of what was obtained when three to eight times as much postage was charged! This result, small and unimportant in itself, affords a very practical illustration of the correctness of the theory we so long advocated in vain.

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.—The rainy weather which has prevailed for a week back it is feared will seriously interfere with harvesting operations in the lower country. There is much grain cut and unthreshed, which must be damaged should the present weather continue much longer. The country east of the Cascade Range, the principal grain growing country, is, happily, less subject to rains at this season of the year. Indeed so protracted a wet spell is a very unusual occurrence down here. From every settlement we hear of excellent crops of all kinds, both cereals and vegetables, and sincerely trust they may be harvested without serious damage. In the Lillooet district we hear of heavy loss from sowing fall wheat by mistake for spring wheat, a mistake which farmers would do well carefully to eschew, as there are kinds of spring wheat on this coast which the most experienced eye would scarcely distinguish from winter wheat.

New Advertisements.



NOTICE TO MARINERS

ENTERING FRASER RIVER.

ALL previous notices issued by the Harbour Master of British Columbia, having reference to the Sand Head of Fraser River, are hereby rescinded. The following directions are published for general information: The Beacons carried away since last fall have been re-constructed, excepting the South Sand Head No. 1, and the following alterations and additions made. The Light Ship now building will be placed near to the South Sand Head, being substituted for No. 1 Beacon. The Beacons are formed with clusters of piles, each Beacon having a distinguishing feature at the top of the piles, and being numbered consecutively from 2 to 10, irrespective of the Crib on the North Sand Head.

No. 2. BEACON, NORTH SAND HEAD—Placed in 1 foot at low water, a cable from the buoy in a N. W. direction, showing from a Southerly bearing a black diamond elevated on a pole 16 feet above the top of the piles.

No. 3. BEACON, NORTH SAND—In 6 feet at low water, shows black and white horizontal stripes, both on the pole and beacon, and is situated about half-way between chequered and black buoys.

No. 4. BEACON, NORTH SAND—A cable distant in a S. W. direction from black top buoy, is distinguished by a black triangle elevated on a white pole 16 feet above the piles, and placed in 2 feet at low water. The piles are white-washed.

No. 5. BEACON, NORTH SAND—On the spit 11 cable from red top buoy (placed in 5 feet at low water). This beacon is remarkable from its leaning position and is readily distinguished by the red oak on a white pole above the piles, the tops of which are also white.

No. 6. BEACON, NORTH SAND—A cable distant from white buoy in a Westerly direction, is placed in 7 feet at low water. On the top of the pole is a white triangle, the apex of which is on the lower part of the pole. This beacon forms a conspicuous object and must be appreciated, as it will guide vessels in the Channel when entering and leaving the River. The beacon is all white.

No. 7. BEACON, SOUTH SAND—Is a black beacon placed in 6 feet at low water, having a St. Andrew's cross elevated on a pole 16 feet above the piles.

No. 8. BEACON, SOUTH SAND—A cable's length from No. 7, in 1 foot at low water. This Beacon is white, having a St. Andrew's cross on a pole as above described in No. 7. As these Beacons, No. 7 and 8, are intended as marks for crossing the Bar, they are hereafter alluded to as the x Beacons. This Beacon (No. 8) is not to be regarded in any way except to lead vessels over the Bar in the deepest water. For vessels of large draught the x Beacons will be a guide as above described, the black top buoy, so as to cross when in a line, they will lead over the Bar, carrying from 19 to 22 feet at high water Spring Tides. In all other parts of the Channel much deeper water will be found. After the red top Beacon is brought in a line with the white Beacon (No. 6), the red top buoy may be with safety rounded, then steer in direction for the white buoy, and from thence to the Ball Beacon on Garry Point.

No. 9. BEACON, SOUTH SAND—On the edge of the bank, placed in 1 foot at low water, is nearest to the Mouth of the River, and distinguished by a black pole having at the top two black boards on two sides of the pole horizontal with each other. The tops of the piles are also black.

No. 10. BEACON—Is a land mark placed on Garry Point to indicate the Mouth of the River, which shows from every direction a large white Ball. The braces, 6 feet of the pole, and the tops of the piles are black. The lower part of the Beacon is white-washed.

All buoys on the North Sand, after entering the Channel with vessels of large draught, should be passed close on the "port" hand. Caution is hereby given that the Beacons constructed on the Sand Heads are not intended as marks for the Navigable waters of the Channel, but to indicate the locality of the several buoys.

The old white buoy has been removed and a red spar buoy placed on the spit of the middle Sand inside Garry Point, in 12 feet at low water, which must be past by vessels entering the River on the starboard hand.

By following the above directions Mariners will find the Channel well and clearly defined, and with ordinary care a perfect stranger may navigate his vessel with safety into Fraser River.

JAMES COOPER, Harbour Master New Westminster, June 12th, 1865.

EDUCATION.

GIRLS COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, New Westminster.

VISITOR.—The Bishop of Columbia.

LADY SUPERINTENDENT, Miss Joyce.

This Course of Instruction comprises the usual branches of a good Education, including French, Drawing and Botany. Instructions in the two latter subjects will be given by the Rev. PASCOAL JENNS.

TERMS—\$1 per month. Music is charged extra, at \$2 per month, to those for whom it is desired.

New Advertisements.

NEW WESTMINSTER COFFEE AND CRACKER MANUFACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED has commenced the manufacture of the above articles, and is enabled to sell them wholesale at 15 per cent. less than Victoria cost prices and charges.

FRESH GROUND COFFEE, at retail 37 cents per lb., with or without Chicory. Also keeps Coffee in bean, roasted and ready for grinding, and a full assortment of

Staple and Fancy Groceries, AT THE

Lowest Cash Prices. G. FERNANDEZ.

Front St., New Westminster, July 17. jy18 1mo

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

IMPORTER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster.

WITHROW & TILLEY,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

OF

FURNITURE, BEDDING & C.

We are constantly receiving additions to our large stock of beautiful Furniture and Willow-ware, direct from foreign markets, which we are selling at such prices as will induce the citizens of New Westminster, and the people of British Columbia generally, to purchase here instead of going to another market.

JUST ARRIVED!—Fine Rosewood and Mahogany Parlor Suits; an assortment of fine Bed-room Suits, consisting of Oak, Chestnut, and plain painted; Sofas, Bureaus, Whatnots, Piano Stools, Hat-trees, Centre and Card Tables, Dining Extension Tables, Cradles, Cribbs, and a large assortment of Oak, Mahogany and Wood Chairs; Bedsteads of every description; and, in fact, nearly everything in the FURNITURE LINE! We keep constantly on hand a choice assortment of Japanese Wares.

Also,—A fine assortment of Willow-ware, Gilt and Rosewood Picture Frame Moulding, different sized Looking-glass Plate, Mahogany and Walnut Boards and Veneers.

Also,—Feathers; Hair, Pulu and Straw Mattresses always on hand and manufactured to order. Furniture manufactured and repaired. Pictures framed, Maps mounted and varnished. Undertaking promptly attended to.

Persons intending to purchase would do well to call and see our stock before going elsewhere.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS, Columbia-street, New Westminster, B. C. mh4tc

HICK'S HOTEL!

Lytton Square, New Westminster, B. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the Public, and especially the Travelling Community, that he has just opened the above central and well known establishment, where he hopes, by reasonable charges and strict attention to the comfort of his customers, to receive a share of public patronage.

THE BAR

is supplied with the best brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

PHILIP HICK, Proprietor. New Westminster, Sept. 22, 1864. se24tc

New Advertisements.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MILL CO., (LIMITED.)

INCORPORATED 30th DECEMBER, 1863.

Capital, £8000 Stg., in 400 Shares of £20 each

Board of Directors:

GEORGE W. COLE, Managing Director, STILLMAN F. WASHBURN, JOHN STEDMAN, ISAAC STEDMAN.

Lumber of all kinds constantly on hand, and cut to order.

Superior facilities for furnishing Cargoes for Exportation.

Orders for Lumber, either Rough or Dressed, solicited, and will receive the strictest attention.

OFFICE—Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C. no19tc

THOS. McMICKING, Secretary.

THE

Royal Insurance Company.

FOR

Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL - - - - Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,

Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,

Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,

FANCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERSIGNED their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,

and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO., Wharf Street. Victoria, 20th January, 1863. ja24

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

ALES, BRANDIES, PORTER,

CIDER, RUM,

CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

— ALSO —

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

Havana, Manilla and Cheroots.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. jy19

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY, Boots and Shoes made and repaired. W. WOODMAN New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy12-1m

New Advertisements.

THE STAFF OF LIFE.

Read and Learn, TRY AND BE CONVINCED

THE BEST BREAD,

The Choicest Pies,

The most Delicious Cakes

and CONFECTIONERY of all kinds are always on hand and for sale at the

CITY BAKERY

Columbia Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his numerous friends and the public for their liberal patronage in the past, would beg to assure them that his best efforts will be put forth to accommodate those who may favor him with their custom.

TEA, COFFEE, CONCOLOATE, Cakes, Pies, &c., &c., in the Restaurant, at all hours. Charges very moderate. JOSEPH SOREL. New Westminster, February 20, 1865. fe21tc

THE INVALID'S FRIEND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? Here is one—Drink but little wine, beer or spirits, or for better, abstain from them altogether; do not take coffee—weak tea is preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four of these Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, and avoid the use of sleep. If these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind, strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous, and renewing suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, these Pills never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they are afflicted with stone or gravel, or with acids and pains settled in the loins over the region of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Urine should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief after all other means have failed.

The Stomach out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver, and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasms—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of liver & stomach.

Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of disordered action may always be removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-crowded lungs, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the windpipe and lungs to perform their functions with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and thus fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and other pulmonary complaints.

Debilitated Constitutions.

In cases of debility, languor and nervousness, generated by excess of any kind, whether mental or physical, the effect of these Pills is in the highest degree bracing, renovating, and restorative. They drive from the system the morbid cause of disease, re-establish the digestion, regulate all the secretions, brace the nervous system, raise the patient's spirits, and bring back the frame to its pristine health and vigour.

Billiousness, Loss of Appetite, Head-ache and Lowness of Spirits.

These Pills effect a truly wonderful change in debilitated constitutions as they create a healthy appetite, correct indigestion, remove excess of bile, and overcome giddiness, headache, and palpitation of the heart.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Astma	Fever of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Gout	Sore Throats
Blotches on the skin	Head-ache	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Indigestion	Secondary Symp-toms
Colic	Inflammation	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the Bowels	Jaundice	Tumours
Debility	Liver Com-plaints	Venerical Affections
Dropsy	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dysentery	Piles	Weakness, whatever cause, &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 12d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. de7

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

The Journal is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia; it is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for the Colony. Send orders to the Proprietor, L. P. FISHER, in San Francisco, or our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEP. 6, 1865.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH!

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE "BRITISH COLUMBIAN."

Important from United States.

CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTH.

BARBAROUS TREATMENT OF FREEDMEN.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

SERVICES OF REBELS REJECTED.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

RETURN OF THE "GREAT EASTERN."

THE CHOLERA AT MARSEILLES.

LOSS OF THE "SAM DUNNING."

TWENTY-FIVE LIVES LOST.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING OF SURVIVORS.

LATER FROM PRUSSIA.

CALIFORNIA DATES TO THE 3rd.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Josh Billings has resigned as Government Director of the Union Pacific Railroad.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Aug. 25.—At the special charter election to-day for Mayor J. E. Jenkins was re-elected by 4 majority.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 24.—Brownsville dispatches of 16th say, the railway to connect Brashear with Brownsville has been commenced and several miles of track laid. Telegraph lines will also be completed in a few days. Brownsville is growing amazingly. Lumber trade has commenced with Mexican rancheros, in the upper Rio Grande valley. The political news is not important. The ship *Francis B. Cutting* cleared from Mobile for Liverpool, with a cotton cargo valued at \$60,000, being the first cargo shipped to foreign ports since the occupation.

Fen. Woods has issued an order forbidding cotton in Alabama being taken from the planters or warehouses for the present. Governor Parsons has proclaimed against cotton and horse stealing, providing for re-organizing the Courts. An office to procure white labor from Europe has been opened in Mobile. Private dispatches quote gold in N. Y., Aug. 28th, at 144.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RALPH, N. C., Aug. 30.—Lieut. Hapen has arrived here from a trip through the north-eastern portion of the State; he reports that the people refuse to recognise the freedom of the blacks, who are whipped and tortured in the most fiendish manner for even expressing a desire to be free, and that the shooting and killing of these creatures appears to be the order of the day. He also says a perfect reign of terror exists in that portion of the State on account of the absence of military.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The *Columbia*, from Havana, August, 26th, arrived, news from San Domingo announces that a revolution was going on in the island, the capital and other towns having pronounced against Gen. Remant, and declared in favor of Gen. Jose Maria Cambriel, naming him protector of the republic and authorizing him to take immediate and supreme command until a new Government can be established. Gen. Remant was charged with conducting himself in complete defiance of law and order. Prominent members of the provisional Government, and leading citizens threatening the rebels with death, setting aside the election of delegates to the national convention and ordering their arrest, causing members to be elected subversive to bribery, publicly offering rewards for the head of Gen. Palanca who before him was at the head of Government, threatening the Government of Hayti as intimating a war with that country. These and many other like charges are preferred against him. Gen. Cambriel has accepted office and appointed his secretary, and other civil and military officers. At last accounts Cambriel at the head of a body of troops had gone to put down the opposition to him in Cuba. Indications of Petroleum had been discovered in Cuba, and a company has been organized.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—A grand ball given in honor of Hon. Schuyler Colfax takes place at the Occidental Hotel to-night. The steam screw propeller arrived to-day from New York on the 13th bringing a cargo of goods and three passengers. She touched on the way, at Rio Janeiro, Valparaiso, and Callao.

Legal tenders were nominally, 73 bid, and 13 asked.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Sailed, ship *Elizabeth Kimball*, Puget Sound; bark *Malvina*, Port Angeles; British bark, *Merrimack*, Port Angeles; bark *Jennie Pitts*, Port Angeles; bark *Naramiss*, Port Townsend.

THIRD DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The Brownsville correspondent of *Times* under date 5th says this evening: Senor Roblez, Mexican Minister of public works was over the river on a visit, and was received by Gen. Steel, who gave the distinguished visitor a quiet dinner at Millan's Hotel; among the guests were Genls. Waitzel and Draper.

After a pleasant repast, at which friendly sentiments were exchanged, the party broke up—Senor Roblez recrossing the river; Senor Romero and Genl. Ortega are said to be on the way to visit the distinguished Liberals. It seems to point to something about to be done on the Rio Grande. The *Herald's* Vera Cruz correspondent under date of 13th says, 500 men have arrived with good rifles and are maintaining the independence of this section, which is too difficult of access to be easily conquered—a force of 200 Austrians recently marched from Orizaba with the intention of whipping them, but fell into an ambush on the road and were forced to take to flight, leaving 30 dead on the field. A few days since the Austrians met with another repulse north of Pueblo, in which, according to the city of Mexico papers, one Colonel of Infantry and fifty Austrians fell victims to the ferocity of the Republicans. The *Herald's* Washington correspondent says Col. Thomas, Assistant Commissioner of Freedmen in Miss. writes [under date of Aug. 15.] that of 34,000 freedmen in the State, only 8,000 are subsisted by the Government. The farms are said to be doing finely; as harvest approaches the help which has been afforded them by the Government is being gradually withdrawn. About 10,000 bales of cotton will be produced by those of the negroes that have undertaken the culture of that staple.

The more intelligent people are represented as willing to assist in developing the new order of things, but cannot be made to see the feasibility of projects calculated to secure the independence and success of the freedman.

The Postmaster-General has accepted the tender of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co., for a mail steamship line between San Francisco and Hong Kong, touching at Honolulu and Kanagawa. The first steamer is to leave San Francisco with the mails for Japan and China on or before the 1st of January, 1867. The term of the contract is to be 10 years from the date of the sailing of the first steamer from San Francisco.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The Petersburg Railroad bridge spanning the James River at Richmond, was destroyed by fire on the 3rd of April last. It will soon be replaced by a new substantial structure.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Aug. 25.—Gov. Brough, of Ohio, died in this city, this p. m., at 1 o'clock.

FOURTH DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—The *Herald's* Richmond correspondent says, the citizens had called the Union meeting for which they had been for some time past making preparations. All the speakers were men who, a short time ago, were prominent supporters of secession, and the resolutions expressed indignation at a large part of the Northern people and journals that recently contended that secessionists were not sincere in taking the oath of allegiance, pronounced such imputations utterly groundless and false, professing the warmest attachment to the National Government, acquiescing in result of the war including abolition of slavery.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The *Tribune's* special says, Albert Pike, of Arkansas, has applied to the President for pardon.

TRENTON, N. Y., Aug. 30.—The Democratic Convention to-day nominated Gen. Runyon for Governor.

MEXICO.

The news from Mexico says, all the stage routes are infested with robbers. The Mexican Government (Maximilians), has refused to receive a body of rebels under Gen. Magruder into the Imperial army, but proposes organizing them into a military and agricultural association.

EUROPEAN.

HALIFAX, Aug. 30.—The *America* from Liverpool 19th, arrived. The moorings had been laid down for the *Great Eastern*, from which it is inferred she would not go out again this season. The *London Times* says, the expedition is full of encouragement. It hopes that the delay of another year will be devoted to the perfection of tests and thinks the day is certain, even though distant, when England and America will throw with one pulse of life. The *Daily News* thinks it likely that the *Great Eastern* will go out at once to fish for the cable. The Atlantic Cable, is the prevailing topic, shares had rallied to 23 1/4 @ 54 1/2. The general feeling is that the cable will be recovered. It is proposed to run a first class line of steamers between Southampton and New York. The approach of the cholera was causing great apprehension in England. It had already reached Marseilles.

PRUSSIA.

Two ships of Prussia, iron-clads, had left for Brest, and two had been wrecked on the way to Stockholm. The Czar had gone to Moscow to present the Czarenza to the prelate and people.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 20.—A convention had been concluded between Austria and Prussia in regard to the Duchies.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—English papers announce the sinking of the ship *Sam Dunning*, on the way to Liverpool by which 25 lives were lost. The survivors eat leather belts and pitch to keep from starvation.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—The jury in the case of Byrnes, charged with murder of Hill, rendered a verdict of guilty.

The *Golden City* took \$1,756,760, and 400 passengers.

The Eastern line is working, but no news reports received yesterday.

The Oakland ferry-boat *Washoe*, last night, blew out the packing of the steam chest, filling the cabin with steam, and caused considerable alarm among the passengers, no harm done.

The custom house authorities commence to-day to enforce the section of the amendment tariff, which calls for the branding of every package of distilled liquors and tea landed from foreign ports.

The ball given to Messrs. Colfax, Bross, and Richardson, last evening was a splendid success. They leave on the steamer of to-morrow.

The action of McDowell in the celebrated "O'Byrne" court-martial has been approved by the President and "Felix" is dismissed the service.

Three new steamships have been recently built in New York for the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., but not it is known for what route. It is pretty generally thought they are intended to throw off Commodore Vanderbilt, to whose extremes the people of this coast have been so long compelled to submit, and with their new ships run the entire route. Recent developments, however, raise a doubt on this point, the Company having received the China Mail contract, and their new boats being wanted for that service. It is not unlikely that the line may be opened in a short time, and the new steamers *Mariposa*, *Montana*, *Henry Chaney*, as they are called, may be ordered to take their places. These boats are about 3,600 tons register, and finely furnished in all respects, and are expected to attain great speed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sep. 3.—The Eastern line is working through to Chicago, but is occupied with private business.

No news reports were received last night.

When Byrnes arrived at the County Jail after being convicted of murder in the first degree and his handcuffs were taken off, he stepped about saying he "didn't care a damn," and accused the witnesses of perjury. He will be taken in to court to-morrow for the fixing of his day of sentence.

Greenbacks, 73 1/2.

MARKETS.

Butter, Isthusus, is very fine at 33c.
Candles, 21 1/2c.
Flour, steady, superfine, \$5.25, extra, \$5.62.
Wheat, unchanged.
Barley, dull.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Sailed, ship *Revere*, bark *Harvest Queen*, Olympia; bark *Naragansit*, bark *Rival*, Victoria and Port Townsend.

By Telegraph from Hope.

FOR HOPE, Sept. 1.—Weather clearing up. Hudson Bay Co.'s train of 180 horses arrived this a. m., from Colville with 10 bales of furs. A train from Cherry Creek mine arrived with ore this morning. One train of 20 horses from Fort Shephard, also several other small trains arrived within a day or two back.

THE REMAINS OF S. PIN FOUND.—It will be within the recollection of many of our readers that sometime in October last, Sermet Pin, of the firm of S. Pin & Co., traders on Williams Creek, disappeared very mysteriously. The circumstances under which he disappeared gave rise to the supposition that he had committed suicide, an impression which subsequently gave way to the belief that he had absconded. The last issue of the *Sentinel* contains an account of the finding and identification of Pin's remains, under circumstances which leave no room to doubt the correctness of the apprehensions to which his disappearance first gave rise. The following note written to his partner, Mr. Lelievre, was found upon his person, the portion obliterated by exposure to the weather being marked by asterisks:—

"MY DEAR FRANK, I see that my murderers are just on me. * * * * * Our business is complicated, and they will not give time to regulate the same. In another world you will see me again and you shall know that I do regret what I am doing to-day in order to save my honor in this world. Your friend regrets not to see his dear family after so much suffering, to bid them good-bye. Adieu, Frank, and you, Mr. Lambert, whom I esteem and love as a brother. Farewell to all. Your most devoted, agonizing, S. Pin."

Williams Creek, 12th Oct., 1864.

It appears that the deceased was between 50 and 53 years of age, a native of the province of Dauphine, France, in which country he leaves a wife, two daughters and one son to mourn his awful end. The Coroner's Jury found, "That Sermet Pin came to his death on or about 14th Oct., 1864, at Richfield, by poison administered by his own hand while he was in a state of temporary insanity, produced by pecuniary embarrassments."

FELIX O'BYRNE alias PHILO-JUNIUS.—This remarkable exorcism of humanity, who once figured not over creditably in our city, and who, by some strange freak of fortune, got into the U. S. service, has been tried by court-martial in California, for conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and dismissed the service.

A RARE CHANCE.—In our advertising columns will be found a notice of a raffle, to come off at the Colonial Hotel, on 19th inst. It will be observed that the property is put up at a little more than half of what it cost in England, a very unusual thing in raffles. The list is a very attractive one, and will doubtless be quickly filled.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for week ending Saturday Sept. 2nd, 1865: Duties (import), £887 10 8; do, (export), £450 5 1; harbor dues, \$18 1 8; headmoney, £12 15; tonnage dues, £48 1; fees, £0 4. Total, £1,416 18 4. Number of passengers entering at this port during same period, 64.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER DIRECT.—The bark *Rival* cleared from San Francisco for this port on Saturday, with a cargo of wheat and flour.

TELEGRAPHIC.—Mr. Haynes, Assistant Superintendent of the California State Telegraph Company, arrived on the steamer last evening.

A schoolmarm in England has adopted a new and novel mode of punishment. If the boys disobey her rules she stands them on their heads and pours cold water in their trousers legs.

The late Dean Buckland is said to have been so intimately acquainted with the properties of all the geological formations of England that, being out one dark night, and not knowing exactly where he was, he alighted from his horse, took up a clod of earth, and tasted it. He immediately exclaimed, "Uxbridge," and proceeded on his journey.

Political Economy.

Mr. EORON.—The unique but excellent address presented to the Governor on Thursday elicited an equally unique and excellent reply—one which affords food for thought. For years prior to the advent of Governor Seymour the cry of the colonists, and especially of the "uninfluential clique" in New Westminster, was for representative institutions, some even going the length of demanding "Responsible Government." The Colonial Office gave neither the one nor the other; but, instead, sent out a hybrid thing which was said to have worked well on the spicy island of Ceylon. The people, naturally enough, felt indignant that such a form of government, however well adapted to the Cingalese and Vedda of "the pear of Hindostan," should have been deemed good enough for them. For although that "Taprobane" of ancient history ranked high in population and influence among the Asiatic nations, antecedent to the Christian era, it does not appear to occupy a high niche in more modern times. It was, therefore, a grave question as to whether the new constitution (!) should be rejected altogether. The more moderate and cautious counselled that the new system should be received under protest, and submitted to a fair trial. This counsel prevailed, and the sequel has now become matter of history. The system remains unchanged—is now, as it was at first, illiberal, and, to borrow from the address, "uncongenial and ill-suited to the genius and wants of British colonists." Yet, under Governor Seymour, it has so disappointed the fears of the colonists that they have almost become reconciled. We hear no more about Responsible Government; and no more than a casual but faint squeak from the organ of the people is ever heard in favor of representative institutions. I had come to fear that the people were in danger of lapsing into that state of political coma so fatal to the health of the body politic. The appearance of the address was, therefore, opportune, while the reply of His Excellency is reassuring and refreshing. While a merited compliment is paid to the Pilot, who has safely navigated so frail and imperfect a bark, with so raw and stupid a crew, through unknown waters, full of shoals and breakers and hidden dangers, never yet laid down upon the chart, a becoming protest is entered against the continuance of the system in an unameliorated form, and it is modestly asked that the popular will should be more fully recognized in the Council Chamber. The request is a temperate and reasonable one, and the reply is characterized by a frank liberality rarely to be met with in gubernatorial utterances:—

"I should, with perfect confidence in the result, be willing to see a larger popular element in the Legislative Council. Satisfied of the purity of motives by which the Government is actuated, I should likewise not object to the introduction, did Her Majesty's instructions allow of it, of one or two unofficial members into the Executive Council."

It is very usual in asking for a whole loaf only to expect a half; but here the people, in asking for half a loaf, are encouraged to expect a whole one. This response on the part of the Governor is calculated to beget a new train of thought, and give rise to the inquiry whether, after all, the present form of government, in an improved and liberalized form, would not be better adapted to the country in its present condition than would Responsible Government, with all its complex paraphernalia. It appears to me that the more simple and cheap the machinery the better. The fact is we are over-governed now—"governed off the face of the earth." A small people, fit for self-government, need very little governing. A sort of simple Municipal system, by which the people could fix the rate of taxation and decide the best mode of raising and expending it, would suit a colony of a few thousand white settlers far better than any elaborate and expensive abstruse theory of administrative machinery cooked up by people who possess a very limited knowledge either of the colony or its inhabitants. The fact is we would be better in the hands of such a man as Governor Seymour, assisted by half-a-dozen practical common-sense colonists, possessing the confidence of the people, than with "Lords and Commons," surrounded with all the checks and guarantees of the British Constitution. Few in number and desirous of being allowed to "mind our own business," without having to stumble over Government officials at every turn, and having our pursuits hindered and strangled by official red-tape, what we want is less government, fewer officials to pay and fewer to bother us. The pioneer colonists have difficulties enough to contend against, without having to elbow their way through a gaping crowd of obstructive officialdom. There is now a dead weight upon the colony it can ill bear, pressing like a huge nightmare upon its youthful energies—sucking like a vampire its life-blood. If Governor Seymour will, on his return, prune down the official tree to reasonable dimensions, simplify the present system, and call around him a few intelligent advisers, who know something more about the wants of a new country than could be picked up in the streets or club-houses of London, I feel satisfied that the affairs of this colony would be better administered, and at half the present cost. Just imagine such men as the last importation from the steps of the Colonial Office composing a council of advice, and directing the affairs of the country! The flag end of humanity, evidently made with the last remnant of clay, could he ever have been intended to direct the affairs of any civilized community? Are colonists, at least as intelligent and self-reliant as the average of their species, to submit to be "governed to death" by such imbecile nincompoops?

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 4th inst., the wife of C. S. Wyld, Esq., Revenue Officer, of a son.

PORT OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

ENTERED.
Sept. 4.—Str. Onward, Irving, Hope and Yale.
" 4.—Str. Lilloet, Fleming, Hope and Yale.
" 5.—Str. Enterprise, Mount, Victoria.
" 5.—Str. Hope, Dodge, Douglas.

CLEARED.

Sept. 2.—Str. Lilloet, Fleming, Hope and Yale.
" 2.—Str. Enterprise, Mount, Victoria.
" 2.—Str. Onward, Irving, Hope and Yale.

FOR SALE

AT FRENCH'S MARKET,

Front Street,

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF

SMOKED SALMON,

at 25 cents apiece, or \$6 per 100 pounds.

— ALSO —

Pickled Salmon, second run, at \$7.25 per barrel.

— ALSO —

Large Spring Salmon, first run, a prime article, at \$10 per barrel or \$6 per half-barrel.

FREDERICK KAYE & CO.

New Westminster, August 28th, 1865. au28 te

I. LYONS,

Watch Maker

— AND —

WORKING JEWELLER.

OPPOSITE MR. HOLBROOK'S STORE,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

A SPLENDID stock of English, French and German Clocks on hand.

Clocks and Watches cleaned and repaired, and warranted to keep time.

Orders from the interior are invited and will receive particular attention.

New Westminster, August 16th, 1865. te

NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE, URIAH NELSON & CO. ARE not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

URIAH NELSON & CO. ap20c

Port Douglas, May 2, 1864.

JOHN MURRAY.

GROCEER, COLUMBIA ST.

Salt or Smoked Salmon—In large or small quantities. jyl8 te

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if two OXEN, the property of the late AMEDEE, now in possession of L. Haultier, of Lytton, are not claimed on or before the 5th day of August next, they will be sold to defray expenses.

L. HAUTIER, jyl8

Lytton, B. C., July 5th, 1865.

NOTICE.

In the ESTATE of the late GEORGE HOOPER. ALL PERSONS indebted to the above Estate are required to pay the respective amounts owing by them immediately, to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against the said Estate are requested to forward the particulars of such claims without delay to ARTHUR T. BUSHBY, Executors of the JOHN GRAHAM, above Estate.

New Westminster, March 27, 1865. mh28c

BURRARD INLET

LUMBER MILLS.

S. F. MOODY & CO., Proprietors,

New Westminster.

AGENTS IN VICTORIA:

TICKETT & CO., Wharf-street.

THESE MILLS are prepared to furnish cargoes of FIR, SPRUCE and CEDAR LUMBER, Tongued and Grooved Flooring, Spars, Piles, Shingles, Laths and Pickets at the shortest notice.

The access to the Mills is up the Gulf of Georgia to English Bay: thence up the Inlet. The anchorage in the bay is safe in all weather. The Inlet is perfectly land-locked, with plenty of water at all times for the largest class vessels.

Vessels loading at these Mills will have every facility for loading. The quality of Lumber is superior to any on the Pacific Coast, and can be furnished to any length up to 80 feet. There is a deputy Collector at the Mills to enter and clear vessels.

A Lumber Yard has been opened on Front Street, New Westminster, where a complete assortment of choice lumber will be found.

For further particulars apply to Mr. W. B. Wilson, Columbia Street. ap1c

NOTICE.

VALENTINE HALL begs to inform the public that he has removed his Office to the Iron Building on Liverpool Street, adjoining the Blizard Saloon, where he will attend to Real Estate and Commission Agency, as usual.

New Westminster, 1st August, 1865. te

LYONS'S

CELEBRATED

CALIFORNIA ALE

A Fresh Invoice Just Received.

W. H. SUTTON.

Yale, B. C., July 4th, 1865. jyl4 te

Public Notice!

THE NEW SKETCH MAPS, showing the different Routes to the Gold Fields recently discovered on Kootanie, Wild Horse and Columbia Rivers, are now ready for sale, and may be had on application at Messrs. Clarkson & Co's Book-store, New Westminster.

ARTHUR N. BIRCH, Colonial Sec., in the absence of the C. C. L. W. and S. G. Lands & Works Department.

New Westminster, April 7, 1865. ap8c

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday
morning, and sent by Express
To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.
Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a Prompt and Work-
MAN-LIKE MANNER.

New Advertisements.
W. B. WILSON,
Real Estate and General Commission
AGENT.
Collector, Conveyancer, &c.
OFFICE--Opposite the Custom House,
Columbia Street.
NOTICE TO MERCHANTS!
TIME IS MONEY,
and if you would save both
SHIP YOUR GOODS

BY THE
VALE-LYTTON ROUTE.
A. BARLOW,
Commission and Forwarding
AGENT.
FORT VALE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
BEGS TO INFORM SHIPPERS, and the PUBLIC
in general, that he is now prepared to Forward
Goods to the MINES on the most reasonable terms,
and without delay. All goods consigned to the above
will be promptly attended to and stored in a FIRE-
PROOF Warehouse.

F. G. RICHARDS
Has Returned from Cariboo
AND IS STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,
BLIZZARD SALOON,
—ON—
Holbrook's Wharf,
WHERE HE WILL BE GLAD TO SEE
OLD FRIENDS.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
Real Estate and Commission Agent,
AUCTIONEER, COLLECTOR, &c.
Hick's Building, Columbia Street.
H. V. E. BEGS TO INTIMATE THAT HE IS PRE-
pared to undertake business in the above line
on the most favorable terms.

MALT WHISKY.
Any parties desiring a supply of
PURE MALT WHISKY,
steam distilled, can be accommodated at the New West-
minster Steam Distillery.
1m jeb. **WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.**

PUBLIC LIBRARY
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Committee of Management.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR,
The Hon. The Colonial Secretary,
The Hon. The Attorney-General,
The Hon. The Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works,
The Hon. The Member of the Legislative Council for
New Westminster,
The President of the Municipal Council.

The Library will be open to the Public on the 15th
August.
Terms of Subscription will be as follows: \$1 per mem-
ber, or an annual subscription of \$5.
An additional Subscription of \$5 per annum will con-
fer the privilege of using the Circulating Library attached
to the Institution.
On and after the 20th instant, until the opening of
the Library, the Rules and Regulations may be seen at
Clarkson's Book Store, where those desiring to become
Members may subscribe their names.

ROYAL MAIL
STEAM PACKET
COMPANY.

Under Contract with Her Majesty's Govern-
ment for the Conveyance of the
Mails from England for the West
Indies, Mexico, Central America,
Panama and the Pacific.

The Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the
above Company in the Pacific, and will furnish infor-
mation as to the conveyance of Goods and Passengers
on application at their office, Store Street.
Anderson & Co.
Victoria, V. I., 25th May, 1865.

NO MONOPOLY --- NO COMBINATION.

S. ELSASSER,

CAMERONTON, WILLIAMS CREEK, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Mining Utensils,

Hardware, Crockery, Stationery, Clothing, Boots

and Shoes, Dry Goods, &c., &c. Goods bought at

my store will be delivered free of carriage to all

portions of Williams Creek.

S. ELSASSER.

New Westminster, April 17, 1865.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

H. N. DICKSON & CO., LONDON.
DICKSON, DeWOLF & CO., SAN FRANCISCO

PICHT & HOYT,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pevolson and
American in bulk and cases;

RUM—Jamaica and other brands;
WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela
in bulk and cases;

GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;
OLD TOM—Different brands;

WINE—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;
CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;
SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;
HAVANNA SEGARS—Different brands.

PICHT & HOYT,

New Westminster, B. C.,

BREWERS & MALTSTERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Brewer Stock,

DISTILLERS,

AND DEALERS IN

DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,

40° over proof, superior to any;

—ALSO—

REFINED ALCOHOL

in Tins, 95 per cent.

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

Just Arrived, per Str. "Fideliter,"

from NANAIMO, a large supply of SUPERIOR

SCREENED DOMESTIC COAL!

which will be sold cheap for cash.

Apply to **H. HOLBROOK,**

Agent for the Coal Company, Pioneer Wharf.

HENRY HOLBROOK,

WHARFINGER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

DEALER IN PROVISIONS, FEED, ETC.

BONDED STORAGE FOR 1000 TONS OF GOODS

in STOKES FIREPROOF WAREHOUSE. Goods For-
warded up country, and every accommodation given to
vessels loading or discharging at the Liverpool or Up-
per Wharf.

ST. ANN'S SCHOOL

—FOR—
YOUNG LADIES.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE SISTERS OF ST. ANN have opened a branch
of their institution here, and are ready to receive
Pupils, both as Day Scholars and Boarders. The School
shall be conducted on the same principles and footing
as that of their Order in Victoria.
For further particulars apply to the Superiores of the
St. Ann's Convent.
New Westminster, June 25, 1865.

A. C. WELLS,

Saddler and Harness Maker,

YALE, B. C.,

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Saddles, Harness, Whips, Collars, Fit-
tings, Leather, &c.,

which he will sell at the Lowest Possible Prices for

CASH.

MAKING AND MENDING done with promptness and
efficiency.

Orders from all parts of British Columbia solicited.

Yale, B. C., March 27, 1865.

SAUCE—LEA AND PERRINS'

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

PRONOUNCED

—BY—

CONNOISSEURS

TO BE THE

Only Good Sauce

AND APPLICABLE TO

EVERY VARIETY

—OF—

DISH.

CAUTION.

LEA AND PERRINS'

Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations

of their celebrated

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

L. & P. HAVE discovered that several of the

Foreign Markets have been supplied

with spurious imitations, the labels closely resembling

those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more

instances the name of L. & P. forged.

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

* * * Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprie-
tors, Messrs. CHURCH & BLACKWELL, Mess-
rs. Barclay & Sons, London & &c., &c.; and by Grocers
and Oilmen universally.

LOUIS HAUTIER'S HOTEL

—AND—

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock

of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly

on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the

colony. The charges are moderate.

Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at
low prices.
Lytton City, November 10, 1862.

CALIFORNIA CORN.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having a large supply of prime

California Indian Corn, is able to supply the trade

with

FRESH CORN MEAL,

ground daily at his Steam Mills.

Apply to **WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.**

LOWE BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Provisions, Groceries, French Wines,

LIQUORS, HAVANA CIGARS,

Naval Stores, Rope, Canvas, Oars, &c., &c.

WHARF STREET.

VICTORIA, V. I.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between

the undersigned as Blacksmiths in this city, under

the firm name of Carter & Hand, is this day dissolved

by mutual consent, William Carter retiring from the

firm. The business will be carried on as usual by Geo.

Hand, who hopes to merit a share of the public patron-
age, so liberally extended to the late firm. And as W.

Carter intends returning to his native country in a short

time, he begs to return his thanks for the encourage-
ment he received in business in New Westminster, and

respectfully requests that all outstanding accounts will

be paid in within the next fifteen days.

W. CARTER,

G. HAND,

New Westminster, 31st July, 1865.

New Advertisements.



\$1,000 REWARD!

WHEREAS, on the 6th day of May, instant, JOHN
D. B. OGILVY, Esq., Deputy Collector of Cus-
toms and Indian Agent, was wilfully murdered on board
the schooner "LANGLEY" at Bentinck Arm.

One Thousand Dollars is hereby offered for the ap-
prehension of

ANTOINE LUCANAGE,

commonly known on the coast as "Antoine," who is
accused of the murder of the said J. D. B. OGILVY.
The reward will be paid to any person handing over the
said "Antoine" to any Police authority of the
Colony of British Columbia.

By His Excellency's command.

Chief Inspector of Police.

New Westminster, 26th May, 1865.

DESCRIPTION OF "ANTOINE."

Height about 5ft. 10in., very thin, pitted with the
small-pox, light hair and eyes, about 25 years of age,
stoops slightly when walking, speaks English well,
slight foreign accent, slight moustache and whiskers.

WILLIAM CLARKSON

HAS ON HAND

FOR SALE or TO LET.

SEVERAL VALUABLE

TOWN, SUBURBAN,

RURAL Lots of LAND

FOR SALE!

Also, Two Good

HAY AND STOCK RANCHES!

situate on the banks of the Fraser River, at a conveni-
ent distance from this city.

Also, To Let, The

NEW WESTMINSTER HOUSE.

This is a well known House, and one of the best stands
in this city. It is already furnished, and may be let
either with or without the furniture.

Also, Several portions of good business sites to let
by the foot for a term of years, situate on the Levee,
and on Columbia Street.

Also, To Let—From 6 to 11 acres of Improved
Land in this city, either as a cash rental or on shares of
produce. The soil is good and well adapted for Ma-
rket Garden. A long lease will be given on moderate
terms to a good Gardener.

Also, A fresh supply of **Garden and Field**
Seeds for sale. Orders for Fruit Trees are solicited.

W. C. will Sell by Auction, Collect Rents and Ac-
counts, Negotiate Loans, Receive and Sell Goods on
Commission, and transact any business that may be en-
trusted to him in the General Agency line.

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

Auctioneer & General Agent.

New Westminster, March 13, 1865.

COLONIAL BAKERY,

FORT VALE, B. C.

A. MACLARDY.

BREAD AND PIES,

CAKES,

BISCUITS, &c.,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET,

FRONT STREET,

New Westminster.

In the above Market will always be found, in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

Shipping Orders Promptly attended to.

FREDERICK KAYE & CO.

New Westminster, July 5, 1864.

Bank of British North America.

ASSAY OFFICE, VICTORIA.

GOLD DUST MELTED & ASSAYED.

CHARGES:

For all deposits under 50 ounces \$2

For all "above 50 " One quarter of one

" per cent.

Ores of every description carefully Assayed

CHARGES:

For each Mineral Assay \$10

GOLD DUST AND BARS PURCHASED

at the current rates.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager.

Victoria, May 7, 1864.

New Advertisements.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad

Breasts and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the
healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The
worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance when-
ever this medicine is applied; sound flesh springs
up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the
surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and per-
manent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflam-

mation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with
certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they
will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the
printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon
the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will
be removed. A poultice of bread and water may some-
times be applied at bed time with advantage; and most
scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who
read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of
such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they
will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a
cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and
subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree
as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills.
When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation
and depravities from the system, subdue and remove
all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and
muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be
effected, even under the worst circumstances, if the use
of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm &

other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, utmost relief and
speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints
affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of
the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered
that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of
the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach,
consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify
the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of
the Pills. The general health will be readily improved,
although the eruption may be driven out more freely
than before, and which should not be promoted; perse-
verance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey,

Mumps & all other Derangements

of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Oint-
ment should be well rubbed at least three times a day
upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to
penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat;
this course will at once remove inflammation and ob-
sorption. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by
following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling

of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's puri-
fying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of puri-
fying the blood and strengthening the system renders
them more suitable than any other remedy for all com-
plaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure
the liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged,
require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following
cases:—

Bad Legs, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Skin-diseases, Scurvy, Sore-heads, Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws, Rheumatism.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY
244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all re-
spected Druggists and Dealers in Medicines through-
out the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s.
1ld., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the
larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in
every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

Messrs. DICKINSON BROS.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHERS

CATTLE DEALERS!

FAMILIES, HOTELS AND SHIPPING SUPPLIED

with all kinds of MEAT and VEGETABLES on
short notice, at

NEW WESTMINSTER AND VICTORIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER, — ROBERT DICKINSON.